



### Scanner type:

Flatbed, color/monochrome

### Photoelectric device:

CCD line sensor

# **Effective pixels:**

2550 dots by 3510 dots at 300 dpi, 100%

## Maximum document size:

216 mm by 297 mm (8.5 inches by 11.7 inches) U.S. letter size or A4

### Scanning resolution:

300 dpi

## **Output resolution:**

50 dpi to 1200 dpi in 1 dpi steps

### Color separation:

By switching light sources (R, G, B)

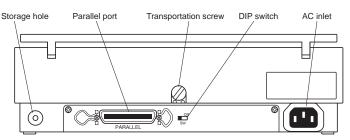
## Reading sequence:

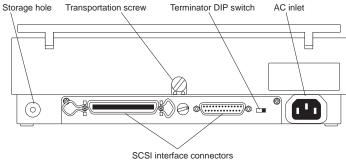
Monochrome mode:

One-pass scanning (Dropout color selectable from Red, Green, or Blue)

Color page sequence mode:

Three-pass scanning (R, G, B)





Color byte sequence mode:

Three-pass scanning (R, G, B)

Color line sequence mode:

One-pass scanning (R, G, B)

#### Size:

50% to 200% in 1% steps

### Image data:

8 bits per pixel per color saved as 8 bits per pixel per color, maximum

#### **Brightness:**

7 levels

### **Text Enhancement Technology:**

Enable/disable selectable

# Halftoning process:

Enable/disable selectable

- 3 halftoning modes (A, B, and C)
- 4 dither patterns (A, B, C, and D) for bi-level data or quad-level data
  - (2 downloadable dither patterns)

## Gamma correction:

- 2 for CRT display
- 3 for printer
- 1 for user-defined

#### Color correction:

1 type for CRT display

3 types for printer output, available in color line sequence mode only

1 type for user-defined

### Interface:

Bidirectional parallel or SCSI

# Light source:

Noble gas fluorescent lamps

### Reliability:

Main unit MCBF: 100,000 cycles of carriage movements

# Dimensions and weight:

 Width:
 297 mm (11.9 inches)

 Depth:
 443 mm (17.7 inches)

 Height:
 87 mm (3.5 inches)

 Weight:
 about 5 kg (11.1 lb)

# **Electrical Specifications**

100-120 V model

# Rated voltage:

100-120 VAC

## Input voltage range:

90-132 VAC

### **Rated current:**

0.5 A

### Rated frequency:

50 to 60 Hz

### Input frequency:

49.5 to 60.5 Hz

### Power consumption:

Approx. 18 W (self test)

220-240 V model

### Rated voltage:

220-240 VAC

### Input voltage range:

198-264 VAC

### **Rated current:**

0.3 A

# Rated frequency:

50 to 60 Hz

# Input frequency:

49.5 to 60.5 Hz

### Power consumption:

Approx. 18W (self testing)

# Safety, EMI, and EMS

100-120 V model

# Safety:

UL1950 (+D3) CSA 22.2 No. 950 (+D3)

#### EMI:

FCC 15B Class B: USA CSA 108.8 Class B: CANADA

# 220-240 V model

#### Safety:

EN60950 (TÜV) EN60950 Nordic Deviation (NEMKO, FIMKO, DEMKO, SEMKO)

### EMI:

EN55022 (CISPR Pub 22) Class B

#### EMS:

IEC 801-2, 801-3, 801-4

## **Environmental Conditions**

# Temperature:

Operation:

5°C to 35°C (40°F to 95°F)

### Storage:

 $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $60^{\circ}$ C ( $-4^{\circ}$ F to  $140^{\circ}$ F)

#### **Humidity:**

Operation:

10% to 80%, without condensation

#### Storage

10% to 85%, without condensation

### **Operating conditions:**

Ordinary office or home conditions.

Avoid extreme dust.

Avoid operation under direct sunlight or near a strong light source.

### Note:

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

# **Parallel Interface Specifications**

# Interface type:

Bidirectional parallel

### Data format:

8-bit parallel

# Synchronization:

By external strobe pulse

## Handshaking:

By ACKNLG and BUSY signals

## Logic level:

Input/output data and interface control signals are TTL-level compatible

# Connector type:

36-pin Centronics® type connector

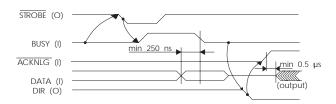
Connector pin arrangement:



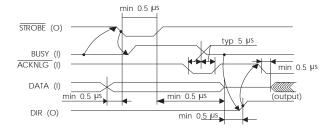
# **Timing Charts**

The figures below show the timing for the bidirectional parallel interface as viewed from the scanner.

## OUT (from scanner to computer)



## IN (from computer to scanner)



## Signal pin assignments

	_	_		
Pin	Return			
No.	Pin	Signal	Direction	Function
1	19	STROBE	IN	STROBE pulse to read in or send out data. Pulse width must be more than 0.5 microseconds at the receiving terminal.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	DATAO DATA1 DATA2 DATA3 DATA4 DATA5 DATA6 DATA6	INOUT	These signals represent information of bits 1 to 8 respectively. Each signal is at a high level when data is logical 1 and low when it is logical 0.
10	28	ACKNLG	OUT	About a 12-microsecond pulse. Low indicates that data has been received and that the scanner is ready to accept more data.
11	29	BUSY	OUT	When this signal is high, the scanner cannot receive or send data. The signal is high:  1) during data entry 2) when the scanner is not ready 3) when the scanner has an error
12-15	_	NC	_	Not used
16	_	GND	_	Logical ground level
17	_	C-GND	_	Scanner chassis ground
18	_	NC	_	Not used
19–30	_	GND	_	Twisted-pair return signal ground level
31	_	ĪNIT	IN	When this signal level becomes low, the scanner is reset to the state when power is turned on. This level is usually High. The pulse width must be more than 50 microseconds at the receiving terminal.
32	_	NC	_	Not used
33	_	GND	_	Twisted-pair return signal ground level
34–35	_	NC	_	Not used
36	_	DIR	IN	Low indicates the direction is input
				1

<sup>&</sup>quot;Return Pin" denotes the twisted-pair return, to be connected at signal ground level. For interface wiring, be sure to use a twisted-pair cable for each signal, and to complete the connection on the return side. These cables should be shielded and the ground connected to the chassis of the host computer and the scanner.

All interface conditions are based on TTL level.

# **SCSI Specifications**

# Interface type:

ANSI X3.131-1986 standard

### Function:

The following functions are included.

**BUS FREE phase** 

ARBITRATION phase

SELECTION/RESELECTION phase

**COMMAND** phase

(Logical Unit Number is fixed to 0 and command link function is not supported.)

DATA phase

Data in phase

Data out phase

STATUS phase

MESSAGE phase

MESSAGE IN phase

MESSAGE OUT phase

ATTENTION condition

**RESET** condition

### **Electrical standard:**

As per ANSI X3.131-1986

# **ID Setting:**

Selectable from 0 to 7 with the rotary switch.

## Connector type:

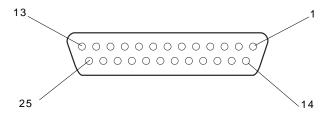
25/50-pin connectors

### Connector pin arrangement:

50 pin



25 pin



# Signal pin assignments

The direction of signals is as viewed from the scanner.

Signal	1/0	Pin No.		Description
ū		50 pin	25 pin	
GND	_	1-12	7,9	Ground
		14-25	14	
		35-37	16	
		39-40	18	
		42	24	
NC	_	13	_	Not connected
DB0	I/O	26	8	Data bus 0
DB1	I/O	27	21	Data bus 1
DB2	1/0	28	22	Data bus 2
DB3	I/O	29	10	Data bus 3
DB4	I/O	30	23	Data bus 4
DB5	I/O	31	11	Data bus 5
DB6	I/O	32	12	Data bus 6
DB7	1/0	33	13	Data bus 7
DBP	I/O	34	20	Data bus parity
TERMPWR	_	38	25	Termination power
ATN	I	41	17	Attention
BSY	1/0	43	6	Busy
ACK	I	44	5	Acknowledge
RST	I	45	4	Reset
MSG	0	46	2	Message
SEL	I/O	47	19	Select
C/D	0	48	15	Control/Data
REQ	0	49	1	Request
1/0	0	50	3	Input/Output

# Initialization

The scanner can be initialized (returned to a fixed set of conditions) in the following ways.

### Hardware initialization:

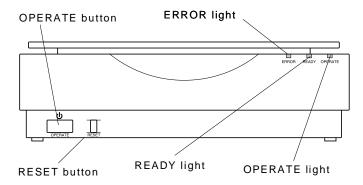
- □ When the power is turned on.
- ☐ When the scanner receives an INIT signal at the parallel interface (pin 31 goes low).
- ☐ When the scanner receives a SCSI Reset signal at the SCSI interface.
- ☐ When you push the RESET button.

### Software initialization:

- ☐ When the software command ESC @ (initialize the scanner) is received.
- ☐ When the SCSI Bus Device Message is received.

# **Lights and Buttons**

The scanner has three indicator lights and two buttons.



# OPERATE light (green)

Comes on when the scanner is turned on.

# READY light (green)

Comes on when the scanner is ready to scan images. This light flickers during scanning. When an error occurs, this light and the ERROR light indicate the type of error.

# ERROR light (red)

Indicates when an error occurs. Along with the READY light, it indicates the type of error.

### **OPERATE** button

Turns the scanner on and off.

### **RESET button**

Resets the scanner after an error occurs. Pressing this button during scanning stops the scanner and may cause an error in the scanning software.

# **Scanner Errors**

If an error occurs, the scanner stops operating and the READY and ERROR lights show the type of error.

Error type	READY	ERROR
Command error	On	On
Interface error	Off	Flashing
Fatal error	Flashing	Flashing

## **Command Error**

The scanner has received incorrect commands from the scanning software.

When this error occurs, try to rescan the document. The scanner returns to normal when it receives correct commands. Normally you do not need to reset the scanner.

## Interface Error

The interface setup is wrong, or the scanner is not properly connected to the computer.

When this error occurs, check the interface connection. Then push the RESET button or turn the scanner off and then back on to reset it.

### **Fatal Error**

This indicates one of the following problems:

- One or more fluorescent lamps needs to be replaced.
- ☐ The transportation screw has not been removed
- ☐ The scanner is broken.

Check that the transportation screw has been removed; then push the RESET button. If the scanner still does not operate properly, try turning the scanner off, wait 10 seconds, and then turn it back on. If the scanner still does not operate properly, or if this error occurs repeatedly, consult your dealer.

# **Cleaning the Scanner**

To keep the scanner operating at its best, clean it periodically. Before cleaning, unplug the power cable.

Clean the outer case with mild detergent dissolved in water.

If the document glass gets dirty, clean it with a soft dry cloth. If the glass is stained with grease or other hard-to-remove material, use a small amount of glass cleaner on a soft cloth to remove it. Wipe off any remaining liquid with a dry cloth.

Be sure there is no dust on the document glass. Dust can cause white spots in the scanned image.

#### Caution:

Do not scratch or damage the document glass, and do not use a hard or abrasive brush to clean it. A damaged glass surface can decrease the scanning quality.

Never use alcohol, thinner, or corrosive solvent to clean the scanner. These chemicals can damage the scanner components as well as the case.

## **EPSON ACTIONSCANNER II**

Be careful not to spill liquid into the scanner mechanism or electronic components. This could permanently damage the mechanism and circuitry.

Do not spray lubricants inside the scanner.

Never open the scanner case.

# **Replacing the Fluorescent Lamps**

The luminosity of the fluorescent lamps declines over time. If the lamps break or become too dim to operate normally, the scanner stops working and both the READY light and the ERROR light flash. When this happens, the lamp assembly must be replaced. For details, contact your dealer.

### Caution:

Users should never open the scanner case.

# **Information Reference List**

# **Engineering Change Notices**

None

# **Product Support Bulletins**

None

# **Related Documentation**

TM-ACTSCANII	ActionScanner II Service Manual
PL-ACTSCANII	ActionScanner II Parts Price List
4004518	ActionScanner II User's Guide
CPD-3142	ActionScanner II Getting Started (for the PC)
CPD-3143	ActionScanner II Getting Started (for the Mac)